

Disclaimer

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Agenda 1 RWE Group Overview 2 Energy Transition

RWE

- 3) Credit and financial Highlights
- 4) Funding strategy
- 5 RWE Hybrid story

RWE is a global leader in renewable and flexible power generation















Capacity: n.a.

€1,559m Adjusted EBITDA **€1,502m** Adjusted EBITDA

€1,949m Adjusted EBITDA

€679m Adjusted EBITDA

Adj. EBITDA 2024: **€5,680m**²

Adj. Net Income 2024: **€2,322m**

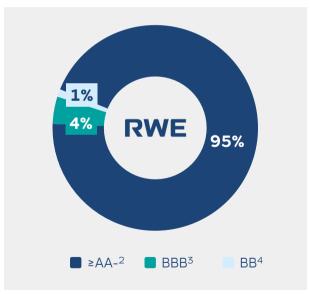
¹Earnings as of 31st December 2024, Pro rata capacity as of 30th June 2025 | ² Includes other/consolidation of -€9m

RWE operates a well-diversified portfolio in low-risk countries

Overview of RWE's Operating countries



S&P Rating of RWE's -Operating countries¹



¹ Split based on installed capacity. Includes full portfolio including phase-out technologies as of June 2025 | ² Includes Germany (AAA), UK (AA), Netherlands (AAA), France (AA-), Sweden (AA+), Australia (AAA), USA (AA+), Belgium (AA+), Canada (AAA), Denmark (AAA), Ireland (AA-), Luxembourg (AAA) | ³ Includes Italy (BBB), Spain, Poland, Portugal (BBB+) and Greece (BBB-) | ⁴ Includes Turkey (BB)

We are growing profitably on the back of favourable market fundaments and excellent capabilities

Favourable market fundamentals

Strong positioning in our core markets with significant investment needs in the energy system

Extensive pipeline

Strong pipeline across technologies and regions that allows us to select and focus on projects with attractive risk-return profile

Financial headroom

Strong balance sheet and high-cash generating business portfolio

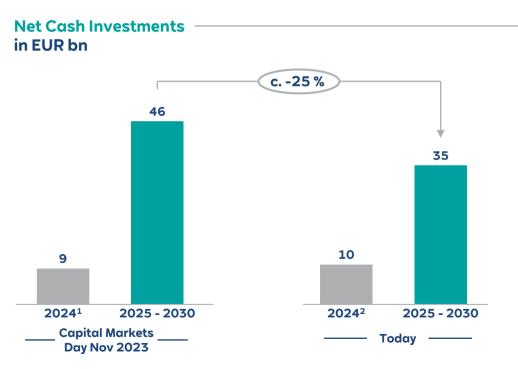
target IRR for new projects

More than...

Experienced team

Extensive inhouse know-how across technologies and within core markets, as well as a **best-in-class commercial platform**

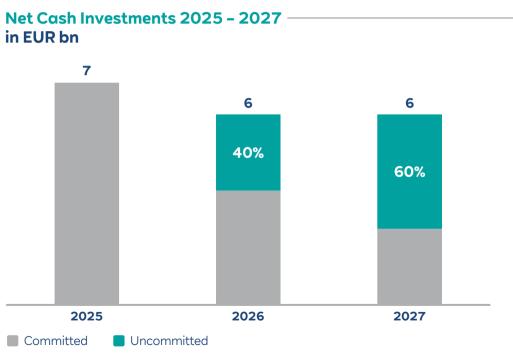
We have adapted our investment programme to a changed market environment



- We plan to apply **stricter investment** criteria and have increased our return requirements
- We optimise our offshore wind portfolio and reduce capital employed through sell downs and partnering
- We have reduced our investment programme spend by 25%
- We plan to maintain our strong balance sheet in a more uncertain and volatile environment and target a leverage factor at the lower end of our range (3 – 3.5x Net Debt/EBITDA)

¹ Expected Net Cash Investments for the year ended December 31, 2024 as of our Capital Markets Day in November 2023 | 2 Net cash investments for the year ended December 31, 2024

We have high flexibility in our capital allocation from 2026 onwards

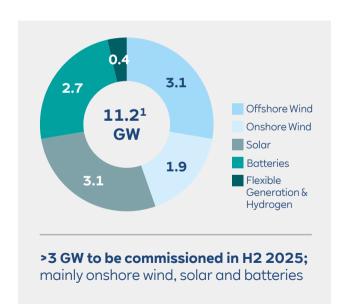


- Net cash investments of EUR 13 bn committed¹
- High flexibility in future capital allocation from 2026 onwards
- Potential to further increase flexibility from future sell downs of Sofia and Norfolk in 2026
- Management committed to reassess capital allocation based on risk-reward environment of investments vs. share buybacks

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Includes expected sell down proceeds of Nordseecluster and Thor in 2025, as of March 2025

Our construction programme is progressing well, more than 3 GW scheduled to come online in H2 2025

Projects under construction



Offshore projects well on track:

Sofia, UK 1.4 GW (RWE share 100%)

All 100 foundations and 36 turbines installed, first power expected in 2025

Thor, DK 1.1 GW (RWE share 51%)

49 of 72 foundations installed, turbine installation to start in Q1 2026

Nordseecluster, GER 1.6 GW (RWE share 51%)

4 of 44 foundations installed at NSC A, turbine installation to start in summer 2026

OranjeWind, NL 0.8 GW (RWE share 50%)

Start of foundation installation in second half of 2026

 $^{^{1}\,\}mathrm{Net}$ capacity under construction as of 30th June 2025

We have a disciplined approach for further investments: higher return requirements and stricter investment criteria

Return Requirements¹ Increased



Stricter Investment Criteria in the US

Onshore Wind/Solar/Batteries at FID:

- · All federal permits obtained
- Tariff risks mitigated by domestic procurement
- Offtake secured
- Safe harboured tax credits

RWE September 2025

¹ IRRs post tax, unlevered, nominal

UK market design is in place: We can select from a versatile project pipeline in AR7

Investment framework improved and clear

- Retention of one UK price zone and market design provide stable environment for future investments
- AR7 framework underlines continued strong commitment to Renewables, in particular to offshore wind
 - CfD period extended to 20 years
 - Offshore Auction Administrative Strike Price (ASP) raised to £113/MWh (2024 prices)
 - Load factor assumption improved

Broad offshore wind project pipeline with high maturity



Additional 4
 projects (up to
 2.3 GW) qualified
 without consent



- **1** Norfolk Vanguard West
- 2 Norfolk Vanguard East
- 3 Norfolk Boreas
- 4 Rampion 2
- 5 Awel v Môr
- **6** Five Estuaries
- 7 North Falls
- 8 DBS East
- 9 DBS West

Investment decisions must fulfil our strict investment criteria, and we continue to be very disciplined in auctions

¹ RWE share | Envisaged Norfolk selldown not included

Focused energy policy in Germany: We have the right project pipeline to support the market needs

Focused energy policy and improved fundamentals

- Focused energy policy on cost efficiency, security of supply and industrial competitiveness
- Security of supply will be achieved through new firm capacity regimes
 - Auctions for new gas plants
 - Technology neutral capacity mechanism
- Industrial competitiveness and relief for energy intensive industry
 - EUR 500 bn infrastructure package
 - EUR 100 bn reserved for "Climate and Transformation Funds"

Gas power plant and battery project pipeline well advanced

- Attractive gas power plant pipeline developed: ready to construct 3 GW of gas plants, if auction framework is right
 - Supply chain largely secured: 2.7 GW of gas turbines/engines
 - Permitting well advanced
 - Development of additional options
- Advanced development of battery projects of ~ 2.5 GW¹





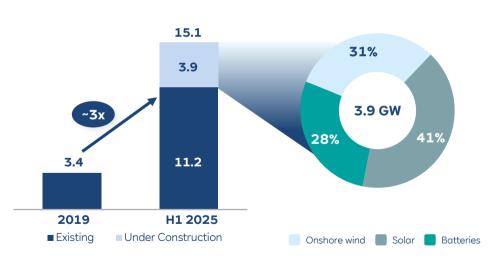
 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,\mbox{ln}$ addition to 1 GW of batteries under construction and 400 MW in operation in Germany

RWE has a leading position in US renewable power generation

Comprehensive US Regional Footprint



Plans to further expand in renewable generation GW, pro rata



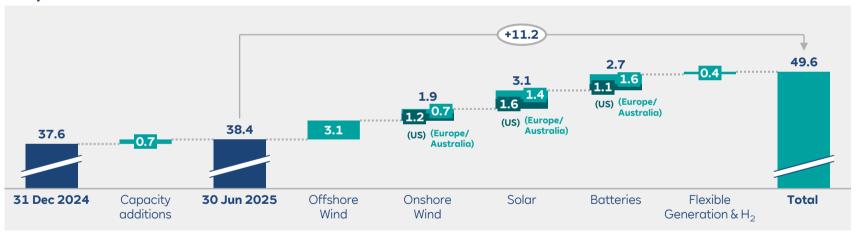
Note: Pro rata capacities as of 30th June 2025.

We have more political visibility in the US and maintain our strict investment criteria

Investment criteria	Regulation impact
Safe harboured tax credits	OBBB provides continued tax credit support under safe harbour regulations; final clarification outstanding
Mitigated tariff exposure	Proactive procurement strategy and bilateral trade agreements lead to limited exposure
Secured offtake	Continued structural power demand growth provides healthy market environment
Permits in place	Large, diverse onshore wind, solar & battery pipeline focused on private land

11.2 GW of capacity under construction

Development of our renewables and flexible generation portfolio GW pro rata¹

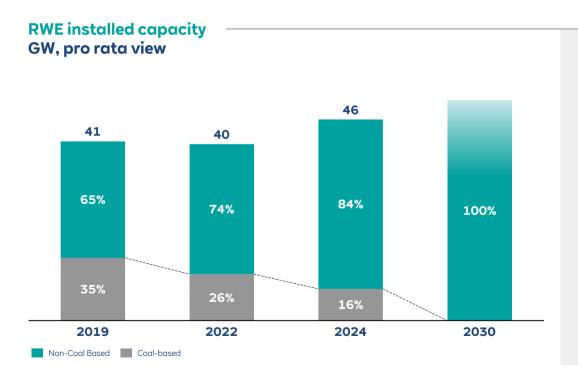


+ Capacity in operation + + Projects under construction —

Note: Rounding differences may occur $| \ ^1$ Net capacity under construction as of 30 June 2025 $| \ ^1$ Thor and NSC selldowns included.

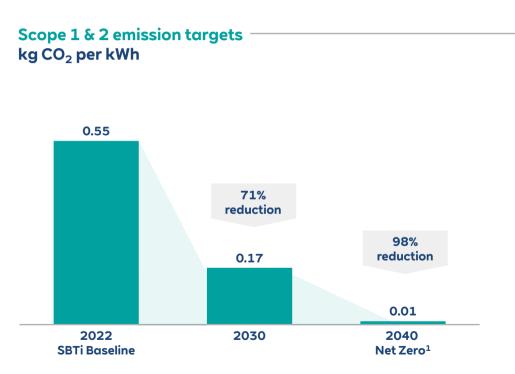
Agenda **Energy Transition** 2 RWE Credit and financial Highlights Funding strategy PWE Hybrid story

We will rapidly decarbonise our portfolio



- Undertaking one of the largest green transitions in Europe
- Significant investments made in Renewable and Flexible Generation assets
- **50% reduction** in **coal capacity** 2024 vs. 2019
- **Power generation** from **coal** declines rapidly, driven by closures and lower utilization
- Coal exit in 2030 in agreement with the **German government**

We are committed to 1.5°C SBTi emission reduction pathway



- We are committed to reducing our relative
 Scope 1 & 2 emissions by 71% by 2030
- We are committed to reducing our Scope 3 emissions by 42% by 2030
- We aim to be Net Zero in 2040 across
 Scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions¹
- Targets are in line with the 1.5°C pathway
 verified by SBTi

¹ Any residual emissions to be covered with offsetting

RWE in the Climate Transition Benchmark (CTB) and Paris-aligned Benchmark (PAB)

Funds using "environmental", "impact" and "sustainability" – related terms in their name must apply exclusions acc. to PAB.

Type	Criterion	RWE in 20	24
СТВ, РАВ	(a) companies involved in any activities related to controversial weapons	⊘ RWE not involved	
СТВ, РАВ	(b) companies involved in the cultivation and production of tobacco	⊘ RWE not involved	
СТВ, РАВ	(c) companies that benchmark administrators find in violation of the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) principles or the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	RWE wit violation	hout any ns
PAB	(e) companies that derive 10% or more of their revenues from the exploration, extraction, distribution or refining of oil fuels	⊘ RWE be	low threshold
PAB	(f) companies that derive 50% or more of their revenues from the exploration, extraction, manufacturing or distribution of gaseous fuels	⊘ RWE be	low threshold
PAB	(g) companies that derive 50% or more of their revenues from electricity generation with a GHG intensity of more than 100 g CO ₂ e/kWh	⊘ RWE be	low threshold
		Net share	Gross share
PAB	(d) companies that derive 1% or more of their revenues from exploration, mining, extraction, distribution or refining of hard coal and lignite	⊗ 1.86%	⊘0.80%

Sources: Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1818 and 2019/2088; RWE annual report 2024, p. 120

Our transition is reflected in strong ESG ratings











Scores shown are based on the most recent full rating assessments. All scores were published in 2025.

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Key credit highlights



Highly resilient cash flow profile from growing asset base

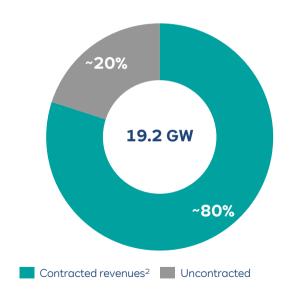
We are committed to a Solid Investment Grade Rating

We have access to multiple funding sources to secure our liquidity requirements

We are a long-standing Green Bond issuer with eligible projects aligned with the EU Taxonomy

Our RES earnings are driven by predictable long-term contracted assets

Long term contracted revenues from asset base wind, solar and batteries¹



Underpinned by regulatory schemes-

Revenue Category

Contract for Difference (CfD)

Feed-in-Tariff (FIT)

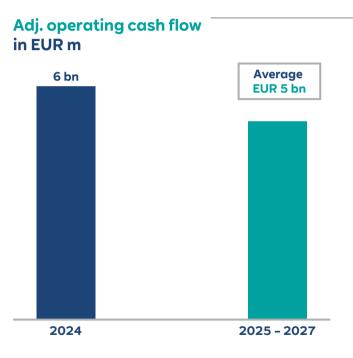
Power Purchase Agreement (PPA)

Tax Credits

Renewable Obligation Certificate (ROC)

 $^{^1\,\}text{Pro rata, of which included in Offshore, Onshore/solar segments as of May 2025}\ |\ ^2\text{Considers partly secured assets}$

We will generate a strong cash flow from a growing asset base



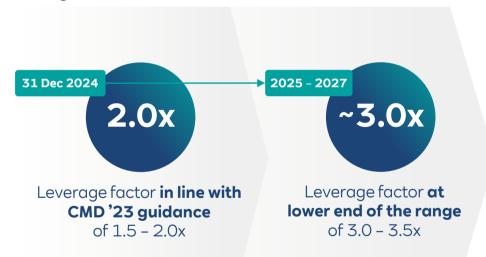
Strong adj. operating cash flow 2025 – 2027

Includes:

- Cash flow contribution from growing core business
- Cash flow from phaseout business
- Positive working capital effects
- Cash financial result and cash taxes

We are committed to a solid Investment Grade Rating





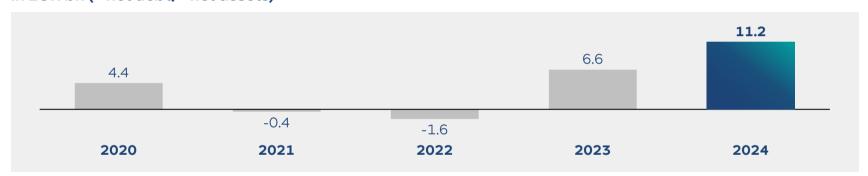
Solid investment grade rating

Long-term debt	Moody's	Fitch Ratings
Senior debt	Baa2	BBB+
Hybrid bonds	Baa3 ¹	BBB-
Short-term debt	P-2	F1
Outlook	stable	stable

¹ Based on Moody's single notch methodology

Net debt driven by growth investments

Development of net debt in FY 2024 in EUR bn (+ net debt/- net assets)



Main drivers of Net Debt development in FY 2024

Adj. Operating Cashflow

Cashflow driven by strong operational performance across segments

Net Cash Investments
Further net cash investments into renewables
growth

Key Messages - Delivering growth and value



Green investments

2025 - 2030

€35bn

net cash investments

~95%

EU taxonomyaligned



Stable & sustainable earnings

c.80% secured / contracted cash-flow¹

c.5% EBITDA **CAGR**²

Reflecting strong longterm earnings growth



Strict balance sheet management

Baa2/BBB+

Commitment to a solid investment grade rating

> Long-term target leverage factor of ~3.0x



Robust liquidity management

>€25bn

bank facilities

€5bn + \$3bn

Commercial Paper &

€15bn

Debt Issuance Prog.

¹ Offshore, Onshore/solar seaments, considers partly secured assets as of May 2025 | ² EBITDA earnings 2024 vs midpoint of 2027 guidance

Outlook confirmed for Full Year 2025

Group outlook FY 2025

in EUR m

	Outlook
Adj. EBITDA	4,550 - 5,150
Adj. depreciation	approx2,200
Adj. EBIT	2,350 - 2,950
Adj. financial result	арргох500
Adj. tax	20%
Adj. minority interest	арргох150
Adj. net income	1,300 - 1,800
Adj. EPS	1.8 - 2.5
DPS	1.20

Divisional outlook FY 2025

in EUR m

Adj. EBITDA	Outlook
Offshore Wind	1,300 - 1,700
Onshore Wind/Solar	1,650 - 2,150
Flexible Generation	1,000 - 1,400
Supply & Trading	100 - 500
Other/Consolidation	approx50
Adj. cash flow ———	
Phaseout Technologies	-650350

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RWE is committed to being a regular Green Bond issuer

Type Green Format	 Funding strategy serves RWE's transition to a green player Conventional bonds only on an exceptional basis
Volumes Avg. €3.0 - 3.5 bn p.a.	Driven by financing requirements and market conditions
Tenors 3 - 30 years	Aiming to achieve a balanced maturity profile
Currencies EUR, USD, GBP	 Currencies based on RWE's asset base Other currencies used opportunistically
Instruments Senior Bonds	 Public senior bonds as base instrument Hybrid bonds Private placements Special (bank) financings if available and beneficial for our green projects

All use of proceeds will be allocated to renewable technologies in alignment with EU/SDG targets

What's covered?1

Eligible technologies: Offshore Wind 3.1 GW Under construction Onshore Wind/Solar Hydrogen 0.3 GW Under construction .7 GW Under construction

¹ Capacities under construction as of 30th June 2025

Aligned under EU/SDG objectives

EU Environmental Objective	Green Financing Criteria
Climate change mitigation 13 **MIT CLIMATE AND CLIMAT	Expenditures relating to the construction, development, acquisition, maintenance, operation and/or storage of renewable energy production units Expenditures will align with the relevant EU Taxonomy criteria for the following activities: 4.1. Electricity generation using solar photovoltaic technology 4.2. Electricity generation from wind power 4.10. Storage of electricity
Climate change mitigation 13 CANNEL TO CLIMATE AND CL	Expenditures relating to the manufacture of hydrogen and operation of hydrogen storage facilities where the hydrogen complies with the life-cycle GHG emissions savings requirement of 73.4% for hydrogen (resulting in 3tCO ₂ eq/tH ₂) Expenditures will align with the relevant EU Taxonomy criteria for the following activities: 3.10. Manufacture of hydrogen 4.12. Storage of hydrogen Expenditures relating to the construction of hydrogen facilities or conversion of existing gas storage facilities into storage dedicated to hydrogen
	Climate change mitigation 7 minimate real real real real real real real rea

Expenditures will align with the relevant EU Taxonomy

criteria for the following activities: 4.12. Storage of hydrogen

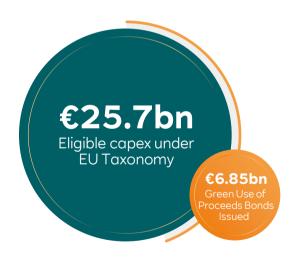
Second-party opinion

"Sustainalytics is of the opinion that the RWE Green Financing Framework is credible and impactful and aligns with the four core components of the Green Bond Principles 2021 and Green Loan Principles 2023."

- Technical Screening Criteria
- ✓ Do No Significant Harm
- Minimum Social Safeguards

Since its inaugural green bond, RWE's EU Taxonomyeligible capex has exceeded Green Use of Proceeds volumes

Green Use of Proceeds volume vs eligible CapEx spend 2021 - 2024¹



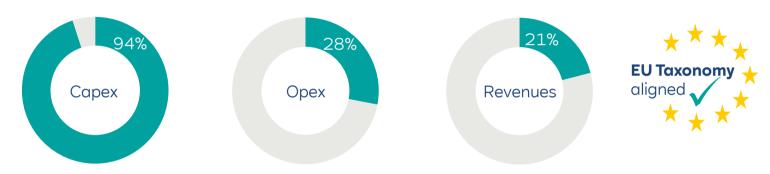
Eligible technologies (Green Bond Framework 2023) Offshore Wind Onshore wind Solar (PV) Storage of electricity (Batteries) Hydrogen production and storage

¹ Total amount of green use of proceeds bonds issued / EU taxonomy-aligned Eligible Capex between 2021 and 2024

Our investments until 2030 are vastly taxonomy aligned

EU Taxonomy: share of RWE's aligned business activities (2024)¹





Sustainability-Linked Financing Instruments, Frameworks and Policies:

- Taxonomy-aligned KPIs integrated into RWE's Revolving Credit Facility
- RWE Green Bond Framework
- Green Bonds as preferred financing tool



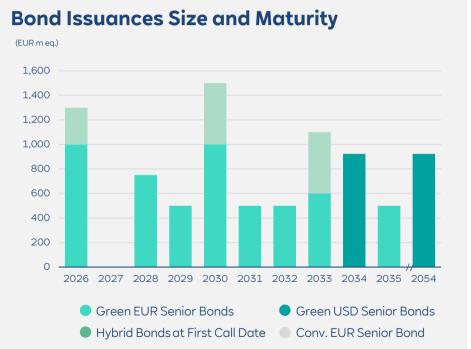
 ESG criteria integrated into third-party processes and in financial investments

¹ Our taxonomy-aligned business activities primarily comprise electricity generation from onshore and offshore wind, solar and hydropower (run-of-river, pumped storage)

Issuances and maturities of RWE's bonds



RWE intends to issue €3.0-€3.5bn of bonds p.a. on average between 2024 and 2030



¹ Of which c.1.8bn EUR eq. were issued in USD | ² Hybrid bond

We have access to multiple funding sources to secure our liquidity requirements

30 Jun 2025

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Marketable securities	€9.6bn	
Bilateral bank facilities including guarantee facilities	€15.2bn¹	
Sustainability Linked Syndicated Credit Lines	€10bn	
committed by international bank consortium	currently fully undrawn	
Access to multi-currency	€8.7bn²	
Debt Capital Markets for long-term funding	bonds outstanding	
Commercial Paper Programmes	Up to 5bn Up to 3bn	
available for short-term refinancing	EUR USD	

¹August 2025 | ²Total nominal value of all outstanding bonds, unadjusted for currencies, includes USD and EUR bonds.

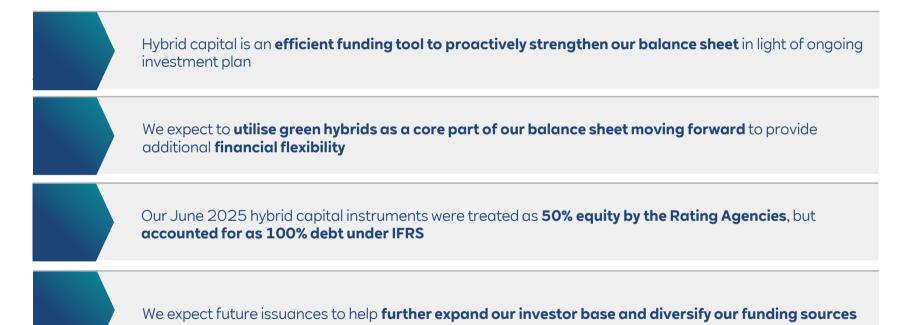
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Hybrid bonds will play a role in RWE's future capital structure



Our capital structure is mostly based on bonds, notes, and bank debt

Net Debt and Leverage Factor¹

Net debt ² (as of 31-Dec-2024)	€m
Cash and cash equivalents	5,090
Marketable securities	7,241
Other financial assets	1,903
Financial assets	14,234
Bonds, other notes payable, bank debt, commercial paper	- 13,559
Hedging of bond currency risk	16
Other financial liabilities	- 5,110
Minus 50% of hybrid capital stated as debt	304
Financial liabilities	- 18,349
Net financial debt (incl. correction of hybrid capital)	- 4,115
Provisions for pensions and similar obligations	- 1,328
Surplus of plan assets over benefit obligations	613
Provisions for nuclear waste management	- 4,981
Provisions for dismantling wind and solar farms	- 1,366
Net debt	- 11,177



Leverage¹

2024

- Hybrid capital is currently only a minor part of our capital structure
- Our **leverage factor** accounts for 50% of hybrid capital as debt
- Prudent measure for additional **liquidity** and **supportive** of current credit ratings
- Add-on tool in funding kit to deploy strategically for capex growth

¹ Defined as Reported Net Debt / Adjusted EBITDA | 2 Mining provisions are not included in net debt. The same holds true for the assets which are attributable to them. At present, this includes our 15% stake in E.ON and the portion of our claim for state compensation for the German lianite phaseout which has not vet been settled.

RWE returned to the Hybrid capital market in 2025 after 10 years

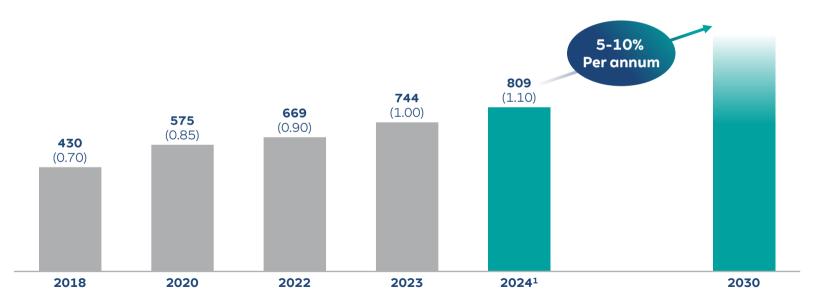
Format	Currency	urrency Volume Instrument Rating Cou (Million) (Moody/Fitch)		Coupon	Issuance date	First Call date	
Green use of proceeds	EUR	500	Baa3 ¹ /BBB-	4.625%	11 June 2025	18 March 2033	
Green use of proceeds	EUR	500	Baa3¹/BBB-	4.125%	11 June 2025	18 June 2030	
Conventional	USD	317.4	Ba2/BB	6.625%	30 July 2015	30 March 2026	

RWE will continue to sustainably grow its Hybrid Capital in the coming years

¹ Single-notch Moody's methodology

Continuous track record of dividend payments since completion of Innogy asset swap

Dividend Payment (DPS) History for the Financial Years 2018 – 2024 in EURm (EUR per share)



 $^{^{1}}$ Based on 735,088,860 shares entitled to dividends for the 2024 financial year as of the Annual General Meeting on 30 April 2025

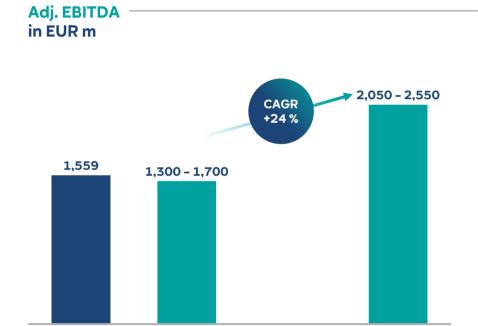
Annex



We delivered a good financial performance in H1 2025; investment frameworks in our core markets are taking shape

Good financial performance in H1 despite weak wind conditions in Europe and low trading result; well on track to deliver full year 2025 adj. EPS guidance; full year guidance confirmed Construction programme progressing well: 11.2 GW under construction and more than 3 GW to be commissioned in H2 2025; offshore construction projects well on track **Investment frameworks in our core markets are taking shape:** UK market design in place, focused energy policy in Germany and One Big Beautiful Bill (OBBB) passed in the US Attractive opportunities in our core markets: Broad offshore project pipeline for UK AR7, advanced development for new German gas plants Highly visible adj. EPS growth and attractive shareholder return on the back of dividend growth and EUR 1.5 bn share buyback programme

Our Offshore Wind earnings will grow driven by the commissioning of Sofia, Nordseecluster A and Thor



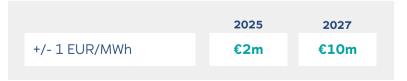
2025

2024

Development 2025-2027

- Commissioning of Sofia (2026), Nordseecluster A (beginning 2027) and Thor (2027)
- Leasing effect from long term charter of installation vessels (EBIT neutral)
- No book gains/one-offs included

Sensitivity to UK power prices



RWE September 2025 Credit Presentation Page 43

2027

Our Onshore Wind/Solar earnings will grow driven by assets already under construction



M Adj. EBITDA from projects with outstanding FID

Development

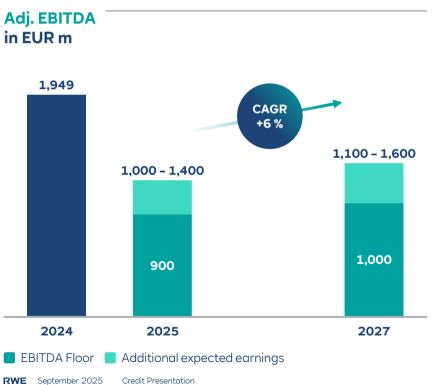
2025-2027

- Commissioning of wind, solar and battery projects in the US and Europe
- Lower power prices
- · No book gains/one-offs included

Sensitivity to power prices

Europe	2025	2027
+/- 1 EUR/MWh	€2m	€6m
US	2025	2027
+/- 1 EUR/MWh	€3m	€3m

Our Flexible Generation segment will provide stable earnings with upside from market volatility



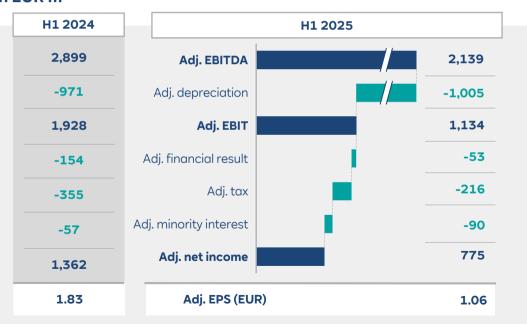
Development 2025-2027

- Increasing capacity payments in the UK
- · Commissioning of battery projects

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Good adjusted net income on the back of good EBITDA and improved adjusted financial result

Adj. net income in EUR m



- Adj. financial result improved due to increase of interest during construction
- Adj. tax applying general tax rate of 20%

Adjusted operating cash flow marked by seasonal effects

Reconciliation to adj. operating cash flow for H1 2025 in EUR m



Changes in provisions/(non-) cash items driven by seasonal effects in utilisation of provisions; includes the cashflow of phaseout technologies **Changes in operating working capital** driven by the seasonal purchase of CO₂ certificates, partly compensated by a decrease of inventories of gas in storage

 $^{^{1}}$ Excludes nuclear provisions since utilisation is not net debt effective and will be refinanced via financial debt.

Net debt driven by growth investments

Development of net debt in H1 2025 in EUR bn



Net Cash Investments

driven by growth investments in Offshore & Onshore Wind/Solar; divestments in Offshore Wind

Other changes in net debt

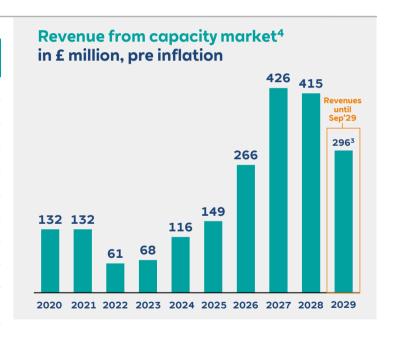
mainly driven by timing effects from hedging and trading activities

¹ Includes pension and wind/solar provisions but excludes nuclear provisions as they are not part of adj. operating cash flow. | Note: Rounding differences may occur.

GB capacity market

Our plants in GB Capacity Market

Derated capacity (MW)	2019/ 20	2020/ 21	2021/ 22	2022/ 23	2023/ 24	2024/ 25 ³	2025/ 26	2026/ 27	2027/ 28	2028/ 29
Aberthaw ¹	1490	1475	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Didcot B (excl. OCGT)	1,380	1,395	1,395	1,395	1,395	1,395	1,409	1,416	1,351	1,342
Little Barford	691	699	699	699	699	699	706	709	678	674
Great Yarmouth	365	369	369	369	369	369	373	374	376	373
Staythorpe	1,652	1,670	1,670	1,670	1,670	1,670	1,687	1,695	1,605	1,593
Pembroke	2,114	2,138	2,138	2,138	2,138	2,138	2,159	2,169	2,014	2,000
King's Lynn	329	333	333	333	333	333	333	333	333	333
Hydro sites	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44	49
Other ²	382	348	385	335	426	352	331	331	342	483
Total (successful capacity)	6,913	6,951	6,989	6,938	6,956	6, 930	7,049	7,027	6,742	6,847



¹ Due to the closure of Aberthaw in 2020 its CM agreements for 2019/2020 and 2020/2021 were transferred to third parties and other units within RWE's fleet. I ² Includes OCGTs, smaller gas engines, wind, Pembroke battery and co-located battery assets. I ³ 2029 only includes full year revenue for assets with 15-year agreements, being - King's Lynn, Grimsby A, Cheshire, Cheshire West and Grimsby B. All other units show revenue up to September 2029 due to end of the capacity market year. I ⁴ Based on cleared capacity prices (nominal) and capacity contracts secured by RWE | Note: Rounding differences may occur.

Your contacts at RWE

Financial Calendar

- 12 Nov 2025 Interim statement on the first three quarters of 2025
- 12 Mar 2026 Annual Report for fiscal 2025
- 13 May 2026 Interim statement on the first quarter of 2026

Contacts for Credit Investors & Analysts



Thomas Denny (Director of Investor relations) Tel. +49 201 5179-5647 thomas.denny@rwe.com



Praise Sibanda (Fixed Income IR Manager) Tel. +49 174 6411794 praise.sibanda@rwe.com

Contacts for Finance & Treasury



Gabriele Tennagels (Director of Finance & Credit Risk) Tel. +49 201 5179-5686 g.tennagels@rwe.com



Anna Engelhardt (Head of Finance) Tel. +49 173 9902554 Anna.Engelhardt@rwe.com



Jörg Silvanus (Head of Treasury) Tel. +49 201 5179-5682 joerg.silvanus@rwe.com